



Segregated from Health Insurance:

Where Insurers Decide to Sell in the Federal Marketplace

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Background

- Health insurers participate in the ACA federal marketplace via “service area” application to Dept. of HHS
- “Service area” = county-based markets insurers selectively enter into
- Despite antidiscrimination protections, “service area” application could be opportunity for population based risk selection

Hypothesis

Greater social disadvantage in a county will be associated with decreased issuer participation

Methods

- County-based analysis utilizing:
 - 2010-2014 American Community Survey
 - 2015 Federal Marketplace
- Comparison of Counties with ≤ 2 relative to ≥ 3 Issuers
 - ANOVA
 - Logistic regression

Results

Table 1: Characteristics of US Counties by Number of Issuers with Unadjusted Means and Adjusted Odds Ratios for States* in the Federal Health Insurance Marketplace

	Limited Issuers ^{&} (Mean)	Numerous Issuers ^{&} (Mean)	p-value	Adjusted Odds Ratio for Limited Issuers	Confidence Intervals
Total County Population ^ψ	33	119	<0.05	1.08	1.06-1.09
% Black	10.5	10.5	0.9	1.57	0.45-5.48
% Latino	9.7	6.5	<0.05	6.67	1.52-33.3
% White	75.0	78.6	<0.05	1.7	0.53-5.44
Age					
- 0-24	31.9	32.1	0.3	1.38	0.18-10.3
- 25-64	51.3	51.1	0.2	0.19	0.01-3.55
- >65	16.8	16.8	0.9	---	---
% Female	49.7	50.2	<0.05	7.95	0.17-378
% Less than High School	17	14.2	<0.05	0.63	0.06-6.50
Median Household Income ^ν	43	47	<0.05	1.021	1.008-1.035
% Employed	53.0	54.9	<0.05	0.28	0.05-1.59
% Uninsured	16.0	13.8	<0.05	25.1	2.01-250.0
Premium	289	280	<0.05	----	----

*Montana and Delaware excluded from analysis due to state policy mandating equal issuer participation

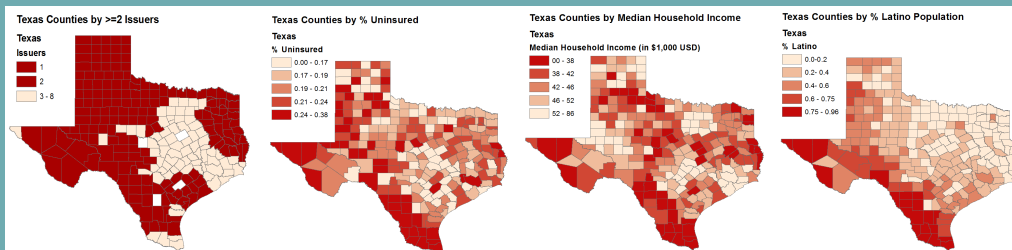
[&]Limited Issuers represents ≤ 2 Issuers / county

[&]Numerous Issuers represents ≥ 3 Issuers / county

^ψ Population measured in 10,000's

^νMedian Household Income measured in \$1,000 Dollar increments.

↓ Insurers = ↑ Uninsured, ↓ Income, ↑ Latino



Conclusion

- First study to examine association between county demographics and health insurance availability
- Evidence consistent with hypothesis: decreased issuer participation in counties with high indices of vulnerability
 - Variables with significant association previously associated with worse individual health
 - Unclear cause for aversion to Latinos
- Opportunity for further involvement by HHS to protect citizenry:
 - Issuer audits to monitor participation
 - Inclusion of income in risk adjustment program
 - Re-evaluation of service area applications and mandatory minimum size
- Promise of ACA is promising and remains viable, further efforts must be made to protect consumers and promote health

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